OASIS-C Quality Measurement & Reporting

Train the Trainer - Part 3 of 3

Slide #1

OASIS-C Quality Measurement & Reporting

Train the Trainer – Part 3 of 3

Slide #2

Learning Objectives

This is the 3rd session in CMS's 3 part series on OASIC-C.

At the conclusion of this lesson, you will be able to:

Describe the reasons for inclusion of process measures

Describe the NQF role in the endorsement process as it relates to Publicly Reported Measures

Identify the process measures that will be reported on Home Health (HH) Compare and CASPER

Summarize the major implications of OASIS-C for the quality measurement reporting schedule

Slide #3

OASIS-C and Quality Measurement₁

Goals of OASIS-C include:

Facilitating measurement of processes of care that are particularly relevant for home health care and under agency control

Enhancing the range and usefulness of quality information available to consumers and providers

Slide #4

OASIS-C and Quality Measurement₂

Overview of impacts:

Added new items that collect data on processes of care, enabling calculation of agency use of specific best practices

Resulted in some items being dropped, eliminating some previously reported measures

Addition of Process Measures

Process Measures:

Recommended by:

Medicare Payment Advisory Committee [MedPAC]

National Quality Forum [NQF]

In line with the Institute of Medicine (IOM) aims for improving the U.S. health care system

Logical follow-on to the Quality Improvement Organizations (QIOs) 8th Scope of Work on Best Practices (MedQIC - HHQI Campaign)

Slide #6

Measuring Elements of Care under an HHA's control

Until now, home health quality measures focused only on patient outcomes

Outcomes of care are not always under HHA control

New process data items allow measurement of processes of care that are particularly Relevant for home health care and under agency control

Can be used to "give credit" to agencies that are incorporating evidence-based processes into their patient care

Slide #7

Promoting the Use of Specific Evidence-based Care Practices

By incorporating process data items into OASIS-C, clinicians are **reminded and encouraged** to use specific evidence-based care practices

In addition, process measures can be helpful to assess the degree to which clinicians are using specific evidence-based practices that can affect clinical outcomes

HHAs may elect to use the data in performance improvement systems to **increase the use** of such evidence-based practices used in care delivery that may ultimately **improve patient outcomes**

Slide #8

Improving Patient Care Across Settings

From a national policy perspective,

CMS anticipates that these process measures will **promote the use of best practices** across the home health industry

Several process items constructed to align with similar items used for other data collection initiatives across care settings (i.e., NQF Pressure Ulcer framework; the CARE instrument)

Guiding Performance Improvement Activities

Process measures can be used in HHA performance/quality improvement programs as assessment of clinician adherence to evidence-based practices provide guidance to agencies on how to improve quality of care received by individual patients and reduce acute care hospitalizations

Slide # 10

Potential Use in Future P4P

It is also possible that the process measures <u>may</u> be incorporated in a future quality-based purchasing (Pay for Performance) system for home health care

A Pay-for-Performance system could potentially link home health reimbursement to:
 improvements in patient outcomes
 adoption of evidence-based care processes

Slide #11

Process Item Domains

Processes measured in OASIS-C can be classified into one of the following 7 domains:



Slide #12

NQF Endorsement Process

Public Reporting & NQF Endorsement

CMS' goal is to have all publicly-reported home health measures reviewed and endorsed by an accrediting body prior to posting on Home Health Compare
National Quality Forum (NQF) endorsed the initial set of home health quality measures for public reporting in 2005 and recommended future changes (process measures)
NQF-endorsed voluntary consensus standards are now widely viewed as the "gold standard" for measurement of healthcare quality

Slide #14

NQF Consensus Development Process (CDP)

The formal process by which NQF achieves consensus and endorses measures Reflects a careful process designed to produce consensus from disparate groups across the healthcare industry

Provides endorsement to measures that meet criteria

Slide #15

NQF Measure Criteria₁

1. Importance to Measure and Report

Is the measure focus important to making significant gains in healthcare quality (safety, timeliness, effectiveness, efficiency, equity, patient-centeredness)? Does the measure focus on a specific high impact aspect of healthcare where there is variation in performance or overall poor performance?

Candidate measures must be judged to be important to measure and report in order to be evaluated against the remaining criteria

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NQF Measure Criteria₂

2. Scientific Acceptability of Measure Properties

Extent to which the measure, as specified, produces consistent (reliable) and credible (valid) results about the quality of care when implemented

NQF Measure Criteria₃

3. Usability

Extent to which intended audiences (e.g., consumers, purchasers, providers, policy makers) can understand the results of the measure and are likely to find them useful for decision making

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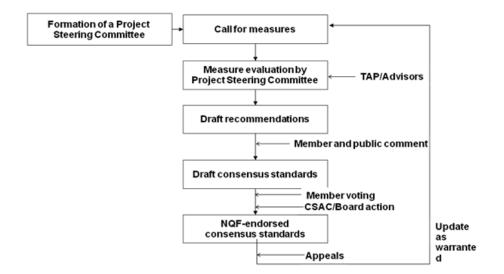
4. Feasibility

Extent to which the required data are readily available, retrievable without undue burden, and can be implemented for performance measurement

Measures that have not been tested, but satisfy all the other criteria may be considered for time-limited endorsement

Slide #19

NQF Consensus Development Process



Slide #20

NQF Review Timeline₁

Fall 2008 – measures submitted for NQF review Existing measures scheduled for maintenance review Revised measures and new measures based on OASIS-C items

NQF Review Timeline₂

Spring 2009

9 new process measures were endorsed

10 new/revised/existing outcome measures were endorsed

Summer 2009

4 additional process measures endorsed

Slide #22

OASIS-C: Process Measures

Slide #23

OASIS-C Based Process Measures

25 process measures in total

13 will be reported publicly

All will be reported to agencies via CASPER/OBQI

Represent 7 domains as shown on slide 11



Process Domain - Timely Care

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Timely Initiation Of	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Care*	episodes of care during which the	
	start or resumption of care date	(M0102) Date of Physician-ordered
	was either on the physician-	Start of Care
	specified date or within 2 days of	(M0104) Date of Referral
	the referral date.	(M0030) Start of Care Date
		(M0032) Resumption of Care Date
		(M0100) Reason for Assessment

^{**} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain - Care Coordination

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Physician Notification	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Guidelines	episodes of care in which the	
Established*	physician-ordered plan of care	(M2250) a. Patient-specific parameters
	establishes parameters (limits) for	for notifying physician plan of care
	notifying the physician of	
	changes in patient status	

^{*} Not NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Slide #26

Process Domain – Assessment₁

Total of 4 assessment measures

Report whether specific assessments were conducted at start of episode (SOC/ROC)

All NQF-endorsed and will appear on Home Health Compare

Process Domain – Assessment₂

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Depression	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Assessment	episodes of care during which	
Conducted*	patients were screened for	(M1730) Depression Screening
	depression (using a standardized	
	depression screening tool) at start	
	of home health care	

^{*} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain – Assessment₃

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Multifactor Fall Risk	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Assessment	episodes of care in which patients	
Conducted For	65 and older had a multi-factor	(M1910) Multi-factor Fall Risk
Patients 65 And	fall risk assessment at the start of	Assessment
Over*	care/resumption of care.	(M0066) Birth Date
		(M0090) Date Assessment Completed

^{*} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

Slide #29

Process Domain - Assessment₄

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pain Assessment	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Conducted*	episodes of care during which the patient was assessed for pain, using a standardized pain assessment tool, at start/resumption of home health	(M1240) Pain Assessment using a standardized pain assessment tool
	care	

^{*} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

Process Domain – Assessment₅

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pressure Ulcer Risk	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Assessment	episodes of care in which the	
Conducted*	patient was assessed for risk of	(M1300) Pressure Ulcer Assessment
	developing pressure ulcers at start	
	of care/resumption of care.	

^{*} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain - Care Planning₁

Total of 6 care planning measures - report whether specific interventions were included in the physician-ordered plan of care

All of the implementation measures are derived from M2250 - Plan of Care Synopsis Does the physician-ordered plan of care include the following: (Yes, No or N/A)

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Process Domain - Care Planning₂

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pressure Ulcer Risk	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Assessment	episodes of care in which patients	
Conducted*	with depression	(M2250) d. Depression intervention(s)
	symptoms/diagnosis had a	plan of care
	physician-ordered plan of care	
	that includes interventions such as	
	medication, referral for other	
	treatment, or a monitoring plan	
	for current treatment.	

^{*} Not_NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Slide #33

Process Domain - Care Planning₃

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Diabetic Foot Care	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
And Patient	episodes of care in which the	
Education In Plan Of	patient is diabetic and the	(M2250) b. Diabetic foot care in plan
Care*	physician-ordered plan of care	of care
	includes regular monitoring for	
	the presence of skin lesions on the	
	lower extremities and patient	
	education on proper foot care.	

^{*} Not_NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Slide #34

Process Domain - Care Planning₄

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Falls Prevention Steps	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
In Plan Of Care*	episodes of care for which the	
	physician-ordered plan of care	(M2250) c. Falls prevention in plan of
	includes interventions to mitigate	care
	the risk of falls, for those assessed	
	to be at risk.	

^{*} Not NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Slide #35

Process Domain - Care Planning₅

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pain Interventions In	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Plan Of Care*	episodes of care in which the	
	current physician-ordered plan of	(M2250) e. Intervention(s) to monitor
	care includes intervention(s) to	and mitigate pain in plan of care
	monitor and mitigate pain, for	
	patients who were identified as	
	having pain at the	
	start/resumption of home health	
	care.	

^{*} Not NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Process Domain - Care Planning₆

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pressure Ulcer	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Prevention In Plan Of	episodes of care in which	
Care*	interventions to prevent pressure	(M2250) f. Intervention(s) to prevent
	ulcers were included in the	pressure ulcers in plan of care
	physician-ordered plan of care for	
	patients assessed to be at risk for	
	pressure ulcers.	

^{*} NQF-endorsed – will appear on Home Health Compare and CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain - Care Planning₇

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pressure Ulcer	Percentage of home health	SOC/ROC:
Treatment Based On	episodes of care in which pressure	
Principles Of Moist	ulcer treatment based on	(M2250) g. Pressure ulcer treatment in
Wound Healing In	principles of moist wound healing	plan of care
Plan Of Care*	was specified in the plan of care	
	for patients who have pressure	
	ulcers with need for moist wound	
	healing.	

^{*} Not NQF-endorsed – will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation

Total of 5 implementation measures

4 derived from M2400 - Intervention Synopsis

Since the previous OASIS assessment, were the following interventions BOTH included in the physician-ordered plan of care AND implemented?

1 derived from M1510 - Heart Failure Follow-up:

If patient has been diagnosed with heart failure and has exhibited symptoms indicative of heart failure since the previous OASIS assessment, what action(s) has (have) been taken to respond?

Short- and Long-Term Implementation Measures₁

Implementation measures

Based on data collected at Transfer and Discharge

Report care provided "since the last OASIS assessment"

Calculated separately for short-term episodes and long-term episodes

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Short- and Long-Term - Implementation Measures₂

Short-term episodes

SOC/ROC to TRF/DC less than or equal

to 60 days

Do not contain a 60-day follow-up assessment

Long-term episodes

SOC/ROC to TRF/DC longer than 60 days

Do contain a 60-day follow-up assessment

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Short- and Long-Term Implementation Measures₃

Only measures of short-term episodes will be reported on Home Health Compare This ensures that care processes implemented in the first 60 days are captured and reported

Agency reports will include three versions of each measure:

Short-term episodes of care

Long-term episodes of care

All episodes of care

Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation₁

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Depression	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Interventions	episodes of care in which the	
Implemented*	patient has symptoms or	(M2400) c. Depression intervention(s)
	diagnosis of depression for whom	
	physician-ordered interventions	
	were implemented during the	
	episode of care.	

^{*} $\underline{\text{Not}}$ NQF-endorsed – short-term, long-term and all episode measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

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Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation₂

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Diabetic Foot Care	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
And	episodes of care during which	
Patient/Caregiver	diabetic foot care and education	(M2400) a. Diabetic foot care
Education	specified during the physician-	intervention(s)
Implemented*	ordered care plan was	
	implemented for patients with	
	diabetes.	

^{*} NQF-endorsed for short-term episodes – short-term episodes measure will appear on Home Health Compare; short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI

Slide #44

Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation₃

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Heart Failure	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Symptoms Addressed	episodes of care during which	
*	patients exhibited symptoms of	(M1510) Heart Failure Follow-up
	heart failure for whom	
	appropriate actions were taken	

^{*} NQF-endorsed for short-term episodes – short-term episodes measure will appear on Home Health Compare; short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI

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Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation₄

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pain Interventions	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Implemented *	episodes of care during which the	
	patient had pain and pain	(M2400) d. Intervention(s) to monitor
	interventions were included	and mitigate pain
	during the care plan and	
	implemented by the end of the	
	episode.	

^{*} NQF-endorsed for short-term episodes – short-term episodes measure will appear on Home Health Compare; short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI

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Process Domain - Care Plan Implementation₅

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Treatment Of	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Pressure Ulcers Based	episodes of care during which	
On Principles Of	pressure ulcer treatment based on	(M2400) f. Pressure ulcer treatment
Moist Wound Healing	principles of moist wound healing	based on principles of moist wound
Implemented*	was implemented for patients	healing
	with pressure ulcers needing	
	moist healing.	

^{*} $\underline{\text{Not}}$ NQF-endorsed – short-term, long-term and all episode measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI reports

Process Domain – Education₁

2 education measures – focused on drug education

1 asks about education on high-risk medications provided at SOC/ROC

(M2010) Patient/Caregiver High Risk Drug Education: Has the patient/caregiver received instruction on special precautions for all high-risk medications (such as hypoglycemics, anticoagulants, etc.) and how and when to report problems that may occur?

1 asks about drug education provided during the episodes, so calculated separately for short-term episodes and long-term episodes

(M2015) Patient/Caregiver Drug Education Intervention: Since the previous OASIS assessment, was the patient/caregiver instructed by agency staff or other health care provider to monitor the effectiveness of drug therapy, drug reactions, and side effects, and how and when to report problems that may occur?

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Process Domain – Education₂

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Drug Education On	Percentage of patients/ caregivers	SOC/ROC:
High Risk	educated about high-risk	
Medications Provided	medications at start/resumption of	(M2010) Patient/Caregiver High Risk
To Patient/Caregiver	care and instructed on how to	Drug Education
At Start Of Episode*	monitor the effectiveness of drug	
	therapy, how to recognize	
	potential adverse effects, and how	
	and when to report problems.	

^{*} Did not receive NQF-endorsement – CMS has not made a final decision on inclusion on HH Compare, pending consumer testing; will appear on CASPER/ OBQI

Process Domain – Education₃

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Drug Education On	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
All Medications	episodes of care during which	
Provided To	patient/caregiver was instructed	(M2015) Patient/Caregiver Drug
Patient/Caregiver*	on how to monitor the	Education Intervention
	effectiveness of drug therapy,	
	how to recognize potential	
	adverse effects, and how and	
	when to report problems	

^{*} NQF-endorsed for short-term episodes – short-term episodes measure will appear on Home Health Compare; short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI

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Process Domain – Prevention₁

6 prevention measures reported

- 2 focus on immunizations
- 2 focus on medication safety
- 1 on falls prevention
- 1 on pressure ulcer prevention

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Process Domain – Prevention₂

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Influenza	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Immunization	episodes of care during which	
Received For Current	patients received influenza	(M1040) Influenza Vaccine
Flu Season*	immunization for the current flu	
	season, or were offered and	(M1045) Reason Influenza Vaccine
	refused vaccine, or were	not received
	determined to have medical	
	contraindication(s)	

^{*} NQF-endorsed measure - patients who received influenza immunization for the current flu season will appear on Home Health Compare. CASPER/OBQI will also report patients who were offered and refused vaccine, or were determined to have medical contraindication(s)

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 $Process\ Domain-Prevention_{3}\\$

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pneumococcal	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Polysaccharide	episodes of care during which	
Vaccine Ever	patients were determined to have	(M1050) Pneumococcal Vaccine
Received*	ever received Pneumococcal	
	Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV), or were offered and refused vaccine, or were determined to have medical contraindication(s)	(M1055) Reason PPV not received

^{*} NQF-endorsed measure – patients who have ever received PPV will appear on Home Health Compare. CASPER/OBQI will also report patients who were offered and refused PPV, or were determined to have medical contraindication(s)

Slide #53

Process Domain – Prevention₄

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Potential Medication	Percentage of patients whose drug	SOC/ROC:
Issues Identified And	regimen at start or resumption of	
Timely Physician	home health care was assessed to	(M2002) Medication Follow-up
Contact At Start Of	pose a risk of clinically	
Episode*	significant adverse effects or drug	
	reactions and whose physician	
	was contacted within one	
	calendar day.	

^{*} Did not receive NQF-endorsement – CMS has not made a final decision on inclusion on HH Compare, pending consumer testing; will appear on CASPER/ OBQI

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Process Domain – Prevention₅

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Potential Medication	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Issues Identified And	episodes of care in which the	
Timely Physician	patient's drug regimen during the	(M2004) Medication Intervention
Contact *	episode was assessed to pose a	
	risk of significant adverse effects	
	or drug reactions and whose	
	physician was contacted within	
	one calendar day.	
	-	

^{*} Did not receive NQF-endorsement – CMS has not made a final decision on inclusion on HH Compare for short-term-episodes, pending consumer testing; will appear on CASPER/ OBQI

Slide #55

 $Process\ Domain-Prevention_6$

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Falls Prevention Steps	Percentage of home health	Transfer/Discharge:
Implemented *	episodes of care during which	
	physician-ordered interventions to	(M2400) b. Falls prevention
	mitigate the risk of falls were	interventions
	implemented, for patients at risk	
	of falls.	

 $[\]ast$ Did not receive NQF-endorsement – short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/ OBQI

Process Domain – Prevention₇

Measure Title	Measure Description	OASIS C Item(s) Used
Pressure Ulcer Prevention Implemented*	Percentage of home health episodes of care in which interventions to prevent pressure ulcers were included in the physician-ordered plan of care and implemented since the previous OASIS assessment.	Transfer/Discharge: (M2400) e. Intervention(s) to prevent pressure ulcers

^{*} NQF-endorsed for short-term episodes – short-term episodes measure will appear on HH Compare; short-term, long-term and all episodes measures will appear on CASPER/OBQI

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Using Process Measure Reports

Slide #58

Using Process Measure Reports₁

All process measures will be reported to agencies on CASPER (OBQI/OBQM reports) The Process Quality Measure Report can be a valuable tool for HHAs to use for performance/quality improvement efforts

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Using Process Measure Reports₂

The process quality measures report the rate of adherence to the evidence-based practices measured and provide national comparisons

After the first reporting period, a comparison of the adherence rate to the previous reporting period also will be reported

Using Process Measure Reports₃

May identify needs for staff education or oversight:

Example: Multifactor Falls Risk Assessment for Patients 65 and older

N = 362

Agency rate: 87% Prior rate: 88% National rate: 89%

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Using Process Measure Reports₄

In this case, the agency's findings are not significantly different than national rates and prior status

However, if the agency's policy specifies use of a fall risk assessment for patients 65 and older, then the agency should investigate reasons for 87% adherence rate as a standalone concern

Why did 13% of patients NOT have falls risk assessment?

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Using Process Measure Reports₅

May shed light on related outcomes:

Example: Pressure Ulcer Risk Assessment Conducted

N = 518

Agency rate = 74%

Prior rate = 81% (statistically sig.)

National rate = 79% (statistically sig.)

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Using Process Measure Reports₆

Are there related outcomes that may be affected by that care process? For example, what if the HHA also had a high rate of Increase in Number of Pressure Ulcers (an OBQM outcome)? Are these findings related?

Process Quality Measure Investigation₁

Recommend using a similar process to the OBQI investigations Select a limited number of measures (one to three) for focus based on agency policy, relevance to agency goals, relevance to outcome findings, and statistical significance

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Process Quality Measure Investigation₂

Use teams that include field staff to investigate reasons for low rate of compliance (e.g., what are the barriers?)

Techniques may include clinical record review, brainstorming, flow diagrams, etc.

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Process Quality Measure Investigation₃

Development and Implementation of a Plan of Action to improve rate of use of best practices

May want to include a multi-pronged approach (e.g., staff education, forms changes, expert consultants, competency evaluations, etc.)

Need to identify/implement ways to evaluate whether the plan is working

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OASIS-C - OBQI Outcome Measures

Slide #68

Outcome & Utilization Measures₁

This presentation has focused on process measures, but there have been changes to Outcome and Utilization Measures as well

Outcome measures derived from OASIS data report changes in a patient's health status between two or more time points

Utilization outcomes suggest (but do not unequivocally reflect) health status changes

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Outcome & Utilization Measures₂

There are now 37 Outcome & Utilization Items

- 4 Utilization Outcomes
- 13 End Result Health Outcomes
- 20 End Result Functional Outcomes

10 Publicly Reported Outcome Measures

Domain	Measure	
Utilization	Acute Care Hospitalization	
	Emergency Department Care Without Hospitalization	
Functional Outcomes	Improvement in Ambulation/Locomotion	
	Improvement in Bathing	
	Improvement in Bed Transferring	
	Improvement in Management of Oral Medications	
Health Outcomes	Improvement in Dyspnea	
	Improvement in Status of Surgical Wounds	
	Improvement in Pain Interfering with Activity	
Potentially		
Avoidable	Increase in Number of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers	
Events		

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Utilization Measures in OBQI Reports

Domain	Measure	
Utilization Outcomes (4)	Acute Care Hospitalization	
	Discharged to Community	
	Emergency Department Use	
	(Without Hospitalization)	
	Emergency Department Use	
	(With Hospitalization)	

OBQI Outcome Measures₁

Domain	Measure		
	Improvement in Anxiety Level		
	Improvement in Behavior Problem Frequency		
	Improvement in Bowel Incontinence		
Clinical Status	Improvement in Confusion Frequency		
Improvement	Improvement in Dyspnea		
(10)	Improvement in Pain Interfering with Activity		
	Improvement in Speech and Language		
	Improvement in Status of Surgical Wounds		
	Improvement in Urinary Incontinence		
	Improvement in Urinary Tract Infection		
Clinical Status	Stabilization in Anxiety Level		
Stabilization	Stabilization in Cognitive Functioning		
(3)	Stabilization in Speech and Language		

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OBQI Outcome Measures₂

Domain	Measure	
Functional Status Improvement (12)	Improvement in Ambulation/Locomotion Improvement in Bathing Improvement in Bed Transferring Improvement in Dressing – Lower Body Improvement in Dressing – Upper Body Improvement in Eating Improvement in Grooming Improvement in Light Meal Preparation Improvement in Management of Oral Medications Improvement in Phone Use Improvement in Toileting Hygiene Improvement in Toilet Transferring	

OBQI Outcome Measures₃

Domain	Measure		
Functional Status Stabilization (8)	Stabilization in Bathing Stabilization in Bed Transferring Stabilization in Grooming Stabilization in Light Meal Preparation Stabilization in Management of Oral Medications Stabilization in Phone Use Stabilization in Toileting Hygiene Stabilization in Toilet Transferring		

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$OBQM-Potentially\ Avoidable\ Events_1$

Domain	Measure	
	Development of Urinary Tract Infection	
	Discharged to Community with Unhealed Stage II	
	Pressure Ulcer Present for More than 30 days	
Potentially Avoidable	Discharged to the Community with Behavioral	
Events	Problems	
(12)	Discharged to the Community Needing Toileting	
	Assistance	
	Discharged to the Community Needing Wound Care	
	or Medication Assistance	

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OBQM – Potentially Avoidable Events₂

Domain	Measure		
Potentially Avoidable Events (12)	Measure Emergent Care for Hypo/Hyperglycemia Emergent Care for Improper Medication Administration, Medication Side Effects Emergent Care for Injury Caused by Fall Emergent Care for Wound Infections, Deteriorating Wound Status Increase in Number of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers Substantial Decline in 3 or more Activities of Daily Living		
	Substantial Decline in Management of Oral Medications		

10 Outcome/Avoidable Event Measures Dropped

Domain	Measure	
	Improvement in Cognitive Functioning	
	Improvement in Housekeeping*	
Improvement	Improvement in Laundry*	
	Improvement in Number of Surgical Wounds*	
	Improvement in Shopping*	
	Stabilization in Housekeeping*	
Stabilization	Stabilization in Laundry*	
	Stabilization in Shopping*	
Potentially Avoidable	Unexpected Death*	
Events	Unexpected Nursing Home Admission	

^{* =} underlying OASIS item dropped

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OASIS-C - Impact on Reporting Schedule

Slide #79

Transition Will Create a Time Lag for Public Reporting₁

Need sufficient numbers of patient episodes before reporting of measures based on new OASIS-C data can begin

Measures based on patient sample sizes taken over short periods of time can be inaccurate and misleading

Slide #80

Transition Will Create a Time Lag for Public Reporting₂

Current risk adjustment models for outcome measures are based on OASIS-B1 data elements

Many data items in OASIS-C are different from OASIS-B1 items Risk adjustment models will need to be re-estimated using OASIS-C data

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Home Health Compare and CASPER Performance Reporting Schedule

Measure Type	Report Method	Date Available	Data Period of:
OASIS-B1	CASPER	12/2009	10/2008-9/2009
OASIS-B1	HH Compare	1/2010	10/2008-9/2009
OASIS-B1	HH Compare	4/2010	1/2009-12/2009
OASIS-C Process	CASPER	9/2010	1/2010-6/2010
OASIS-C Process	HH Compare	10/2010	1/2010-6/2010
OASIS-C Outcome	CASPER	05/2011	3/2010-2/2011
OASIS-C Outcome	HH Compare	07/2011	4/2010-3/2011

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Reporting Potentially Avoidable Events

Formerly adverse events reports

Will present data on adverse events based on OASIS-C

CMS has decided to develop risk-adjustment models for these measures

Since new models will need to be developed, reports will likely come out on the same schedule as the risk-adjusted outcomes reports (starting May 2011)

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Links₁

Descriptions of the revised quality measures and drafts of the revised report formats will be posted on the CMS web site

To access information on the NQF home health measure development process, search www.qualityforum.org .

NQF Final Report/Quality Measure Updates:

 $\underline{http://www.cms.hhs.gov/HomeHealthQualityInits/10_HHQIQualityMeasures.asp\#TopOf} \\ \underline{Page}$

Links₂

The new Process Measure Manual is

in development and will be available on the CMS OASIS-C website

The OBQI and OBQM manuals will be revised for OASIS-C, including updated sample reports

There will be a switch from old manuals to new manuals on the CMS websites with the plan for B-1 materials to be archived

Slide #85

Overview of Conversion to OASIS Individual User ID - Iowa Foundation for Medical Care

Slide #86

Conversion to OASIS Individual User ID

To comply with CMS security regulations, CMS is changing the way agencies login to the OASIS Submission System and CASPER Reporting. The change will require agency users to register for a named individual user account ID.

When the security changes are deployed to your state, you will no longer be able to access the OASIS State Submission System using your state-assigned shared login ID. You will be required to register for a named individual user ID.

The HHA Individual User Registration link will be added to the OASIS State Welcome page. The link will be displayed directly above the OASIS Submission link.

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Conversion to OASIS Individual User ID

Agencies can watch for updates on their OASIS State Welcome Page Updates will also be posted on the QIES Technical Support Office website (www.qtso.com).