Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

CMS' Progress Toward Implementing Value-Based Purchasing

Thomas B. Valuck, MD, JD

Director, Special Program Office for Value-Based Purchasing





Presentation Overview

- CMS' Value-Based Purchasing (VBP)
 Principles
- CMS' VBP Demonstrations and Pilots
- CMS' VBP Programs
- Value-Driven Health Care
- Horizon Scanning and Opportunities for Participation





CMS' Quality Improvement Roadmap

Vision:

The right care for every person every time

- Make care:
 - Safe
 - Effective
 - Efficient
 - Patient-centered
 - Timely
 - Equitable





CMS' Quality Improvement Roadmap

- Strategies
 - Work through partnerships
 - Measure quality and report comparative results
 - Value-Based Purchasing: improve quality and avoid unnecessary costs
 - Encourage adoption of effective health information technology
 - Promote innovation and the evidence base for effective use of technology



VBP Program Goals

- Improve clinical quality
- Reduce adverse events and improve patient safety
- Encourage more patient-centered care
- Avoid unnecessary costs in the delivery of care
- Stimulate investments in effective structural components or systems
- Make performance results transparent and comprehensible
 - To empower consumers to make value-based decisions about their health care
 - To encourage hospitals and clinicians to improve quality of care



What Does VBP Mean to CMS?

- Transforming Medicare from a passive payer to an active purchaser of high quality, efficient health care
- Tools for promoting better quality, while avoiding unnecessary costs
 - Explicit payment incentives to achieve identified quality and efficiency goals
 - Pay for reporting, pay for performance, gainsharing, and competitive bidding are all VBP tools



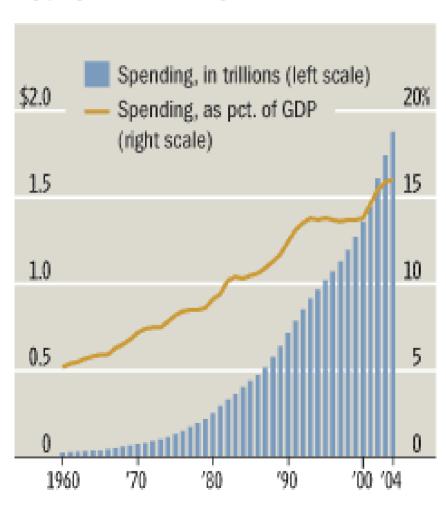
Why VBP?

- Improve Quality
 - Quality improvement opportunity
 - Wennberg's Dartmouth Atlas on variation in care
 - McGlynn's NEJM findings on lack of evidence-based care
 - IOM's Crossing the Quality Chasm findings
- Avoid Unnecessary Costs
 - Medicare's various fee-for-service fee schedules and prospective payment systems are based on <u>resource</u> <u>consumption</u> and <u>quantity</u> of care, NOT <u>quality</u> or <u>unnecessary costs avoided</u>
 - Physician Fee Schedule and Hospital Inpatient DRGs
 - Medicare Trust Fund insolvency looms



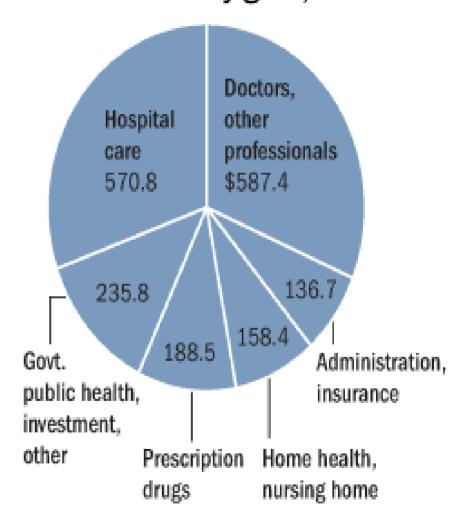
Health-Care Spending, American-Style

Up, up and still up

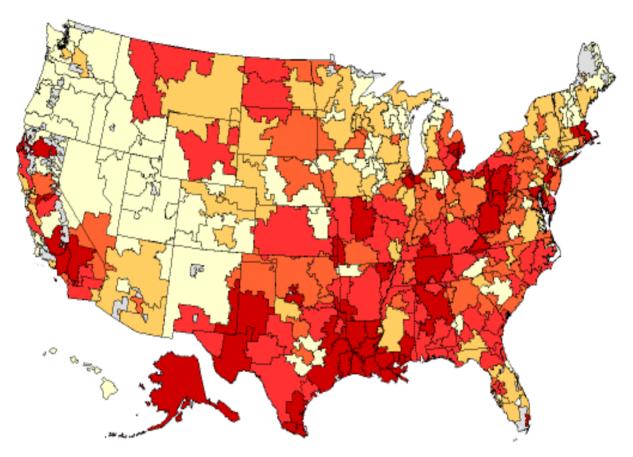


Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Where the money goes, in billions



Practice Variation

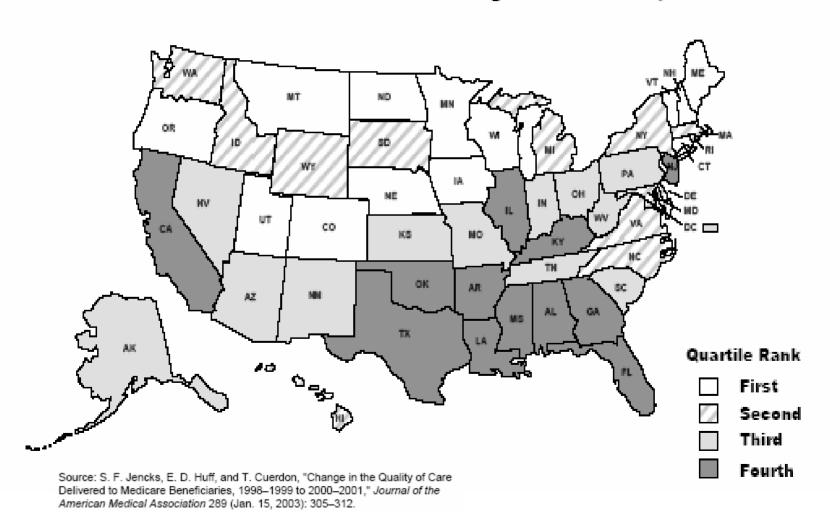


Map 2.5. Inpatient Hospital Services per Medicare Enrollee by Hospital Referral Region (1995)

- \$2516 to 3723 (61)
- 2321 to < 2516 (60)
- 2117 to < 2321 (61)</p>
- 1893 to < 2117 (62)</p>
- □ 1483 to < 1893 (62)
- Not Populated

Practice Variation

Performance on Medicare Quality Indicators, 2000-2001



Support for VBP

- President's Budget
 - FYs 2006-08
- Congressional Interest in P4P and Other Value-Based Purchasing Tools
 - Medicare Modernization Act, Deficit Reduction Act, and Tax Relief and Health Care Act provisions
- MedPAC Reports to Congress
 - P4P recommendations related to quality, efficiency, health information technology, and payment reform
- IOM Reports
 - P4P recommendations in To Err Is Human and Crossing the Quality Chasm
 - Recent report, Rewarding Provider Performance: Aligning Incentives in Medicare
- Private Sector
 - Private health plans
 - Employer coalitions





VBP Demonstrations and Pilots

- Premier Hospital Quality Incentive Demonstration
- Physician Group Practice Demonstration
- Medicare Care Management Performance Demonstration
- Nursing Home Value-Based Purchasing Demonstration
- Home Health Pay-for-Performance Demonstration
- ESRD Bundled Payment Demonstration
- ESRD Disease Management Demonstration





VBP Demonstrations and Pilots

- Medicare Health Support Pilots
- Care Management for High-Cost Beneficiaries
 Demonstration
- Medicare Healthcare Quality Demonstration
- Gainsharing Demonstrations
- Better Quality Information (BQI) Pilots
- Electronic Health Records (EHR) Demo (TBA)





Premier Hospital Quality Incentive Demonstration

- Authority
 - CMS' demonstration authority
- Purpose
 - To determine if financial incentives and public recognition are effective in improving quality of care
- Timing
 - Initial 3-year project ended September 2006
 - Recently extended for additional 3 years
- Target
 - Approximately 250 hospitals
- Compensation
 - Bonus payment model for quality attainment in five clinical conditions

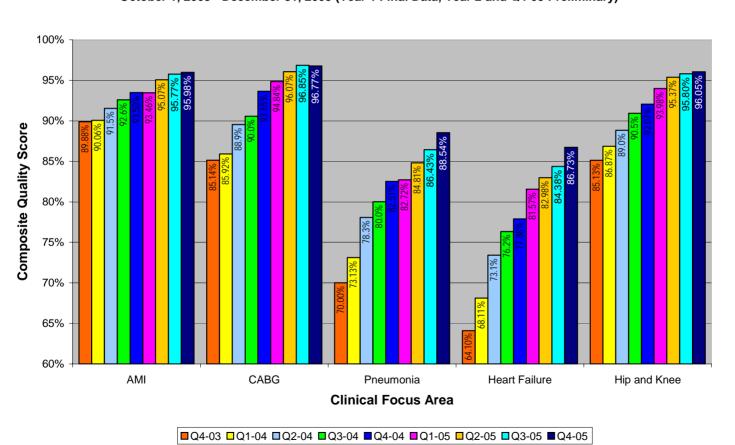


Premier Hospital Quality Incentive Demonstration

CMS/Premier HQID Project Participants Composite Quality Score:

Trend of Quarterly Median (5th Decile) by Clinical Focus Area

October 1, 2003 - December 31, 2005 (Year 1 Final Data, Year 2 and Q4-05 Preliminary)



Physician Group Practice Demonstration

- Authority
 - Benefits Improvement and Protection Act (BIPA) Section 412
- Purpose
 - To provide physicians with the opportunity to demonstrate that improving care in a proactive and coordinated manner is cost effective
- Timing
 - 3-year project began April 2005
- Target
 - 10 large physician groups
- Compensation
 - Shared savings based on quality measures





Physician Group Practice Demonstration

Preliminary Results

- Heart failure management
 - Billings Clinic
 - Prevention of 160 admissions from January-August 2006
 - Savings of approximately \$1M
 - Park Nicollet
 - Prevention of over 40 readmissions per month
- Diabetes control
 - Billings Clinic
 - 20% increase in dilated eye exams from July 2004 to June 2006
 - 33% increase in well-controlled cholesterol from July 2005 to June 2006
 - Park Nicollet
 - 79% increase in results of 5 diabetes measures over
 - 9 months





CMS' VBP Programs

- Hospital Quality Initiative: Inpatient & Outpatient
- Hospital VBP Plan & Report to Congress
- Hospital-Acquired Conditions & Present on Admission Indicator
- Physician Voluntary Reporting Program
- Physician Quality Reporting Initiative
- Physician Resource Use
- Home Health Care Pay for Reporting
- Ambulatory Surgical Centers Pay for Reporting
- Medicaid State Partnerships





Value-Driven Health Care

- Executive Order 13410
 - Promoting Quality and Efficient Health Care in Government Administered or Sponsored Health Care Programs
 - Directs Federal Agencies to:
 - Encourage adoption of health information technology standards for interoperability
 - Increase transparency in healthcare quality measurements
 - Increase transparency in healthcare pricing information
 - Promote quality and efficiency of care, which may include pay for performance



Value-Driven Health Care

- CMS' Posting of Quality and Cost Information
 - Quality
 - Compare Websites for Hospitals, Nursing Homes, Home Health Agencies, and Dialysis Facilities
 - Payments
 - Hospital inpatient -- June 1, 2006
 - Ambulatory surgical centers -- August 21, 2006
 - Hospital outpatient -- late 2006
 - Physician practice -- late 2006
 - Available at: http://www.medicare.gov





Horizon Scanning and Opportunities for Participation

- IOM Payment Incentives Report
 - Three-part series: Pathways to Quality Health Care
- MedPAC
 - Ongoing studies and recommendations regarding value-based purchasing tools
- Congress
 - VBP legislation in new Congress?
- CMS Proposed Regulations
 - Seeking public comment on the VBP building blocks
- CMS Demonstrations and Pilots
 - Periodic evaluations and opportunities to participate



Horizon Scanning and Opportunities for Participation

- CMS Implementation of MMA, DRA, and TRHCA provisions
 - Demos, P4R programs, VBP planning
- Measure Development
 - Foundation of VBP
- Value-Driven Health Care Initiative
 - Expanding nationwide
- Quality Alliances and Quality Alliance Steering Committee
 - AQA Alliance and HQA adoption of measure sets and oversight of transparency initiative



Thank You

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