

**Submitter :** Ms. Samantha Freeman

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Organization :** CEC

**Category :** Congressional

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See attachement

CMS-2287-P-652-Attach-1.TXT

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Attention: CMS-2287-P  
P.O. Box 8018  
Baltimore, MD 21244-8018

Dear Sir(s) or Madam(s):

The Council for Exceptional Children (CEC) is the largest professional organization of teachers, administrators, parents, and others concerned with the education of children with disabilities, gifts and talents, or both. As a member of CEC, I am writing in response to the September 7, 2007 *Federal Register* announcement requesting public comment on the Notice for Proposed Rule Making for the elimination of school administration expenditures and transportation for Medicaid-eligible children who receive services under Part B and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

**Introduction**

I am deeply concerned about the devastating impact that the proposed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) regulations for the elimination of reimbursements for transportation and administrative claiming under Medicaid will have on the welfare of children with disabilities. The elimination of these reimbursements would inevitably shift the financial responsibility for these claims to individual school districts and early childhood providers across the nation. The Administration estimates that the elimination of these reimbursements will provide a savings of \$635 million in the first year and \$3.6 billion over the next five years. However, there is no corresponding increase in funding for the federal special education law, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), that will enable schools and early childhood providers to make up for the reduction in Medicaid reimbursements to schools and early childhood providers.

**Major Issues and Concerns**

I have major issues with the proposed rule to eliminate the Medicaid reimbursement for transportation and administrative claiming. I believe it is flawed and should be withdrawn. I recognize that the proposed rule, in some cases, seeks to address legitimate policy issues. However, according to the background for the proposed regulations, "school-based administrative activities do not meet the statutory test under section 1903(a)(7) of being 'necessary...for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan.'" I strongly disagree with this statement. The provision of transportation services and administrative claiming under Medicaid are indeed necessary for carrying out state Medicaid plans. Many medically provided services under Medicaid are provided at the school and early childhood settings where Medicaid-eligible children attend, whether or not those services are provided by employees of the state or the local Medicaid agency. This is particularly relevant because the background to the proposed regulations also states that, "CMS recognizes that schools are valid settings for the delivery of Medicaid services", yet the proposed rules would still not recognize the need for transportation to

and from school for Medicaid-eligible children who take advantage of these services at school and early childhood settings.

In addition, the proposed regulations state that they were drafted, “Due to inconsistent application of Medicaid requirements by schools to the types of administrative activities conducted in the school setting...” However, the studies that conclude that the misfeasance conducted by some schools in claiming Medicaid reimbursements only took into account an insignificant number of schools. CMS should rightly impose sanctions on those schools and early childhood providers that improperly or illegally misrepresent claims for Medicaid reimbursement; punishing every school and early childhood provider nationwide is not the proper course of action to take in this instance.

I believe that Congress and the Administration should work together to achieve consensus on appropriate policies and procedures to ensure that Medicaid beneficiaries receive the highest quality services, consistent with Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and to ensure that states operate their Medicaid programs to achieve the best outcomes and in the most publicly accountable manner. I believe that this proposed rule prevents a necessary dialogue between federal officials, state Medicaid officials, other state officials (including individuals responsible for programs for people with mental illnesses, developmental disabilities, and child welfare), services providers, and representatives of affected Medicaid populations. I am not aware of any meaningful effort by the Secretary of HHS or CMS to work with affected stakeholders to address current policy concerns. Indeed, I am troubled by dubious enforcement actions and audits by the HHS Office of the Inspector General (OIG) that have appeared more focused on limiting federal expenditures than improving the appropriateness or effective administration of services under Medicaid.

### **Legal Basis for Providing Transportation and Administrative Claiming**

The proposed CMS regulations to eliminate Medicaid transportation and administrative claiming contradict current law. There is firm legal standing for the allowable use of Medicaid claiming for transportation and administration.

First, Section 1903(c) of the Title XIX of the Social Security Act states that “nothing in this title shall be construed as prohibiting or restricting, or authorizing the Secretary to prohibit or restrict, payment under subsection (a) for medical assistance for covered services furnished to a child with a disability because such services are included in the child's individualized education program established pursuant to part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or furnished to an infant or toddler with a disability because such services are included in the child's individualized family service plan adopted pursuant to part C of such Act.” Clearly the proposed regulations would be in direct conflict with this provision of law and would not further the purposes of Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

Second, school-based claiming was protected in the courts in the 1987 *Bowen* case, when the appellate court ruled that school-based Medicaid claims were reimbursable, and the Supreme Court elected to let that decision stand by denying cert.

Third, the proposed rules would not comply with Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) services. Under current law, states must provide EPSDT services to all children who are eligible for the Medicaid program. This is one of the mandates that states must meet in order to operate a Medicaid program. Through EPSDT, Medicaid-eligible children must be seen periodically by health care professionals. In 1989 the law was amended to mandate that states provide any necessary Medicaid service that a child requires regardless of whether the state specifically covers the service as part of its regular Medicaid program. A state cannot restrict the services that it provides under the EPSDT mandate; it must make all types of services available, including the services children with disabilities require.

Fourth, under the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988, states are permitted to obtain limited funds for Individualized Education Program-related services and for early intervention/family support services as defined in the individualized family service plan (IFSP). The proposed regulations would deny legally allowable claims to provide services under IEPs and IFSPs.

Finally, the proposed rules would go beyond the regulatory scope and power of the Executive Branch and is inconsistent with Medicaid law. To the extent that policy changes are needed, I believe that the legislative process is the appropriate arena for addressing these issues.

### **Federal Cost Shifting and Reduced Levels of Service**

The proposed rules for the elimination of the Medicaid transportation and administrative claiming will be a huge financial hit to already cash-strapped schools and early childhood providers. The federal government has not even provided half of the promised funds for the IDEA, and denying schools and early childhood providers in this country an additional \$635 million will only make a bad situation worse. This in turn will shift the financial burden to state and local governments to pay a greater share for required services under IEPs and IFSPs, and the frequency and/or intensity of those services may be reduced.

### **Conclusion**

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Thank you for allowing the public to provide comments on the Notice for Proposed Rule Making for the elimination of school administration expenditures and transportation for school-age children under the Medicaid program, and thank you for considering my comments and recommendations.

**Submitter :** Ms. Kristen Hunt  
**Organization :** Council for Exceptional Children  
**Category :** Individual

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

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**Submitter :** Miss. Erin Scussel

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Organization :** Council for Exceptional Children

**Category :** Individual

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

**GENERAL**

As an educator and member of Council for Exceptional Children, I believe the proposed rule to eliminate Medicaid reimbursement would greatly hinder the ability of the educational system to appropriately provide satisfactory services for students who are in need. If individual schools and school systems are made to absorb these extra costs, then these specific services or other specialized services could and will be reduced or eliminated. I believe the individual schools who made the alleged illegal claims for Medicaid reimbursement should be investigated and punished respectively. I hope this proposed rule will be reconsidered and reviewed before being placed into effect.

CMS-2287-P-654-Attach-1.RTF

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**Submitter :** Caroline Gooden

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Organization :** Caroline Gooden

**Category :** Individual

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

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see attachment

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES  
OFFICE OF STRATEGIC OPERATIONS & REGULATORY AFFAIRS

Please note: We did not receive the attachment that was cited in this comment. We are not able to receive attachments that have been prepared in excel or zip files. Also, the commenter must click the yellow "Attach File" button to forward the attachment.

Please direct your questions or comments to 1 800 743-3951.

**Submitter :** Ms. Carol Mauger

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Organization :** Council of Exceptional Children Member

**Category :** Individual

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

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Please continue Medicaid support to children with disabilities so to not burden my already exorbitant state taxes and the expenses to individual parents for children with disabilities. The government is quick to spend money for senators and congressional representatives as they travel and handle government issues. Limousines, helicopters, high salaries are all great government expenses, which come out of my pocket. If this is a government by the people and for the people, please discontinue one month of special transportation for all our congressmen and senators, let them take public transportation and pay for it out of their pockets without reimbursement and use this money to support Medicaid to allow continued support for children with disabilities. Thank you, Signed from a voting republican, NJ Taxpayer and CEC Member Carol A. Mauger

**Submitter :** Mrs. Charity Roberts  
**Organization :** Evans County Board of Education  
**Category :** Local Government

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

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See attachment

CMS-2287-P-657-Attach-1.TXT

CMS-2287-P-657-Attach-2.TXT



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Charity Roberts  
Special Education Director  
Evans County Schools  
Claxton, Georgia

**Submitter :** Mrs. JAN WRIGHT  
**Organization :** SARASOTA COUNTY SCHOOLS  
**Category :** Individual

**Date:** 11/05/2007

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**Submitter :** Mrs. Shannon Hook  
**Organization :** Henderson County High School  
**Category :** State Government

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See attachment

CMS-2287-P-659-Attach-1.DOC



Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Attention: CMS-2287-P  
P.O. Box 8018  
Baltimore, MD 21244-8018

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**Submitter :** Mrs. Peggy Akin  
**Organization :** Mrs. Peggy Akin  
**Category :** Individual

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See attachment

#660

...ELECTRONIC%20COMMENTS/ELECTRONIC%20COMMENTS/E-Comments/Active%20Files/Missing%20file1.txt

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES  
OFFICE OF STRATEGIC OPERATIONS & REGULATORY AFFAIRS

Please note: We did not receive the attachment that was cited in this comment. We are not able to receive attachments that have been prepared in excel or zip files. Also, the commenter must click the yellow "Attach File" button to forward the attachment.

Please direct your questions or comments to 1 800 743-3951.

**Submitter :** Mr. David McChesney  
**Organization :** Braxton County Schools  
**Category :** Local Government

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See Attachment

CMS-2287-P-661-Attach-1.DOC

CMS-2287-P-661-Attach-2.DOC

CMS-2287-P-661-Attach-3.DOC

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Attention: CMS-2287-P  
P.O. Box 8018  
Baltimore, MD 21244-8018

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David McChesney  
Director of Special Education  
Braxton County School  
Sutton, WV 26601

**Submitter :** Maura Ryan  
**Organization :** University of Denver, Graduate Student  
**Category :** Individual

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See attachment!

CMS-2287-P-662-Attach-1.DOC

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Attention: CMS-2287-P  
P.O. Box 8018  
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**Submitter :** Leanne Brown  
**Organization :** Leander Independent School District  
**Category :** Academic

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

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See Attachment

CMS-2287-P-663-Attach-1.DOC

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Fourth, under the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988, states are permitted to obtain limited funds for Individualized Education Program-related services and for early intervention/family support services as defined in the individualized family service plan (IFSP). The proposed regulations would deny legally allowable claims to provide services under IEPs and IFSPs.

Finally, the proposed rules would go beyond the regulatory scope and power of the Executive Branch and is inconsistent with Medicaid law. To the extent that policy changes are needed, I believe that the legislative process is the appropriate arena for addressing these issues.

### **Federal Cost Shifting and Reduced Levels of Service**

The proposed rules for the elimination of the Medicaid transportation and administrative claiming will be a huge financial hit to already cash-strapped schools and early childhood providers. The federal government has not even provided half of the promised funds for the IDEA, and denying schools and early childhood providers in this country an additional \$635 million will only make a bad situation worse. This in turn will shift the financial burden to state and local governments to pay a greater share for required services under IEPs and IFSPs, and the frequency and/or intensity of those services may be reduced.

### **Conclusion**

The proposed CMS rules to eliminate the transportation and administrative claiming for schools and early childhood providers under Medicaid are both misguided and contrary to existing legal precedent. For the reasons stated here, I urge the Secretary of Health and Human Services to withdraw the proposed rule.

Thank you for allowing the public to provide comments on the Notice for Proposed Rule Making for the elimination of school administration expenditures and transportation for school-age children under the Medicaid program, and thank you for considering my comments and recommendations.

**Submitter :** Dr. Mary Lou Bergeron  
**Organization :** Lawrence Public Schools  
**Category :** Local Government

**Date:** 11/05/2007

**Issue Areas/Comments**

**GENERAL**

GENERAL

See Attachment

CMS-2287-P-664-Attach-1.DOC

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Attention: CMS-2287-P  
P.O. Box 8018  
Baltimore, MD 21244-8018

Dear Sir(s) or Madam(s):

The Council for Exceptional Children (CEC) is the largest professional organization of teachers, administrators, parents, and others concerned with the education of children with disabilities, gifts and talents, or both. As a member of CEC, I am writing in response to the September 7, 2007 *Federal Register* announcement requesting public comment on the Notice for Proposed Rule Making for the elimination of school administration expenditures and transportation for Medicaid-eligible children who receive services under Part B and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

### **Introduction**

I am deeply concerned about the devastating impact that the proposed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) regulations for the elimination of reimbursements for transportation and administrative claiming under Medicaid will have on the welfare of children with disabilities. The elimination of these reimbursements would inevitably shift the financial responsibility for these claims to individual school districts and early childhood providers across the nation. The Administration estimates that the elimination of these reimbursements will provide a savings of \$635 million in the first year and \$3.6 billion over the next five years. However, there is no corresponding increase in funding for the federal special education law, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), that will enable schools and early childhood providers to make up for the reduction in Medicaid reimbursements to schools and early childhood providers.

### **Major Issues and Concerns**

I have major issues with the proposed rule to eliminate the Medicaid reimbursement for transportation and administrative claiming. I believe it is flawed and should be withdrawn. I recognize that the proposed rule, in some cases, seeks to address legitimate policy issues. However, according to the background for the proposed regulations, "school-based administrative activities do not meet the statutory test under section 1903(a)(7) of being 'necessary....for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan.'" I strongly disagree with this statement. The provision of transportation services and administrative claiming under Medicaid are indeed necessary for carrying out state Medicaid plans. Many medically provided services under Medicaid are provided at the school and early childhood settings where Medicaid-eligible children attend, whether or not those services are provided by employees of the state or the local Medicaid agency. This is particularly relevant because the background to the proposed regulations also states that, "CMS recognizes that schools are valid settings for the delivery of Medicaid services", yet the proposed rules would still not recognize the need for transportation to

and from school for Medicaid-eligible children who take advantage of these services at school and early childhood settings.

In addition, the proposed regulations state that they were drafted, “Due to inconsistent application of Medicaid requirements by schools to the types of administrative activities conducted in the school setting...” However, the studies that conclude that the misfeasance conducted by some schools in claiming Medicaid reimbursements only took into account an insignificant number of schools. CMS should rightly impose sanctions on those schools and early childhood providers that improperly or illegally misrepresent claims for Medicaid reimbursement; punishing every school and early childhood provider nationwide is not the proper course of action to take in this instance.

I believe that Congress and the Administration should work together to achieve consensus on appropriate policies and procedures to ensure that Medicaid beneficiaries receive the highest quality services, consistent with Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and to ensure that states operate their Medicaid programs to achieve the best outcomes and in the most publicly accountable manner. I believe that this proposed rule prevents a necessary dialogue between federal officials, state Medicaid officials, other state officials (including individuals responsible for programs for people with mental illnesses, developmental disabilities, and child welfare), services providers, and representatives of affected Medicaid populations. I am not aware of any meaningful effort by the Secretary of HHS or CMS to work with affected stakeholders to address current policy concerns. Indeed, I am troubled by dubious enforcement actions and audits by the HHS Office of the Inspector General (OIG) that have appeared more focused on limiting federal expenditures than improving the appropriateness or effective administration of services under Medicaid.

### **Legal Basis for Providing Transportation and Administrative Claiming**

The proposed CMS regulations to eliminate Medicaid transportation and administrative claiming contradict current law. There is firm legal standing for the allowable use of Medicaid claiming for transportation and administration.

First, Section 1903(c) of the Title XIX of the Social Security Act states that “nothing in this title shall be construed as prohibiting or restricting, or authorizing the Secretary to prohibit or restrict, payment under subsection (a) for medical assistance for covered services furnished to a child with a disability because such services are included in the child's individualized education program established pursuant to part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or furnished to an infant or toddler with a disability because such services are included in the child's individualized family service plan adopted pursuant to part C of such Act.” Clearly the proposed regulations would be in direct conflict with this provision of law and would not further the purposes of Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

Second, school-based claiming was protected in the courts in the 1987 *Bowen* case, when the appellate court ruled that school-based Medicaid claims were reimbursable, and the Supreme Court elected to let that decision stand by denying cert.

Third, the proposed rules would not comply with Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) services. Under current law, states must provide EPSDT services to all children who are eligible for the Medicaid program. This is one of the mandates that states must meet in order to operate a Medicaid program. Through EPSDT, Medicaid-eligible children must be seen periodically by health care professionals. In 1989 the law was amended to mandate that states provide any necessary Medicaid service that a child requires regardless of whether the state specifically covers the service as part of its regular Medicaid program. A state cannot restrict the services that it provides under the EPSDT mandate; it must make all types of services available, including the services children with disabilities require.

Fourth, under the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988, states are permitted to obtain limited funds for Individualized Education Program-related services and for early intervention/family support services as defined in the individualized family service plan (IFSP). The proposed regulations would deny legally allowable claims to provide services under IEPs and IFSPs.

Finally, the proposed rules would go beyond the regulatory scope and power of the Executive Branch and is inconsistent with Medicaid law. To the extent that policy changes are needed, I believe that the legislative process is the appropriate arena for addressing these issues.

### **Federal Cost Shifting and Reduced Levels of Service**

The proposed rules for the elimination of the Medicaid transportation and administrative claiming will be a huge financial hit to already cash-strapped schools and early childhood providers. The federal government has not even provided half of the promised funds for the IDEA, and denying schools and early childhood providers in this country an additional \$635 million will only make a bad situation worse. This in turn will shift the financial burden to state and local governments to pay a greater share for required services under IEPs and IFSPs, and the frequency and/or intensity of those services may be reduced.

### **Conclusion**

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